and garden assessment and half the wet assessment should be paid up and that the other half of the wet assessment may be withheld pending the inspection of the Deputy Commissioner and a full enquiry by him into the representations. No promise of remission was held out.

(*d*) Government are not aware that any threats were offered. When the Deputy Commissioner visited Kusgur village, he advised the people to pay their dues as they had not paid anything during kistbandi notwithstanding the promises made and they were told that coercive measures would have to be taken if payments were not made.

(*e*) It is a fact that the Deputy Commissioner accompanied by the Superintendent of Police and some Police force camped at Shiralkoppa. Police help was considered necessary to present a breach of the peace in executing the processes of the Revenue Laws as the attitude of some raiyats in regard to the payment of land revenue was defiant. No Mussalmans were employed to enter Lingayet houses. The defaulters who concealed themselves had their movables produced by their own people. In only one case were zinc sheets removed as the defaulter failed to produce other movables.

(*f*) No.

(*g*) No. The Deputy Commissioner has reported that there is no case for the grant of remission under the rules in force.

(*h*) Special measures had to be taken for the recovery of the dues in Shikarpur Taluk as the people under the influence of some agitators adopted a determined attitude not to pay taxes.

(*i*) Yes. Similar action has and is being taken against them.

(*j*) Government have enquired into this matter.

MESSRS. V. V. IYER (Shimoga Taluk), B. GOPALACHAR (Thirthahalli Taluk), N. ANANDA RAO (Shimoga Municipality), M. KRISHNAPPA (Nagar Taluk), M. BASAPPA (Kumsi Sub-Taluk) and D. BASAPPA GOWDA (Sorab Taluk).—

Q.—48. Will the Government be pleased to furnish the following information about the Bhadravati Iron Works :—

(*a*) (i) The pay of the General Manager ?

(ii) The duties assigned to him ?

(iii) The pay of the General Manager of the other similar Iron Works—Tata Iron and Steel Company ?

(*b*) (i) The number of workers in the Iron Works on daily and monthly wages?

(ii) The total amount of payments made to them monthly?

(iii) The number of houses built for the labourers employed in the Works and for the officers?

(*c*) Has any provision been made for the introduction of the Provident Fund Scheme and payment of bonus to these workers?

(*d*) (i) What is the number of members constituting the Board of Visitors?

(ii) the object of constituting this Board and?

(iii) the amount spent on them for the last six months?

(*e*) Are the Factory Regulation and Workmen's Compensation Act applicable to this factory?

(*f*) Is there any Reconciliation Board to settle disputes arising between the workers and the officers?

(*g*) Is it not possible to manufacture agricultural implements here; and will not the Iron Works derive profits by such manufacture?

SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT, DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT.—

A.—48. (*a*) (i) Rs. 1,100.

(ii) The entire management of the concern is under the control of the Board of Management.

(iii) Correct information is not available.

(*b*) (i) Monthly rated—220. Daily rated—1,450.

(ii) About Rs. 52,000.

(iii) 210.

(*c*) No. An insurance scheme fund has been introduced for the monthly rated employees.

(*d*) (i) 6.

(ii) *Vide* Government Order No. 12247-59—I.W. 76-27-15, dated 15th May 1928, a copy of which is appended (Appendix XIV).

(iii) Rs. 300.

(*e*) Yes.

(*f*) The Board constituted in Government Order No. D. 680-91—I and C 44-31-1, dated 31st July 1931, will deal with such disputes.

(*g*) This is not possible until steel is made as most parts of such implements are made of steel.